

Perceived Risk Index©



Introduction

PRI Perceived Risk Index® is an innovative, forward-looking indicator developed by Enel SpA Risk Control Unit within AFC function that reflects corporate risk perceived by financial markets.

In an ever-evolving economic landscape, understanding how markets interpret risk is a key strategic lever for companies, investors, and stakeholders.

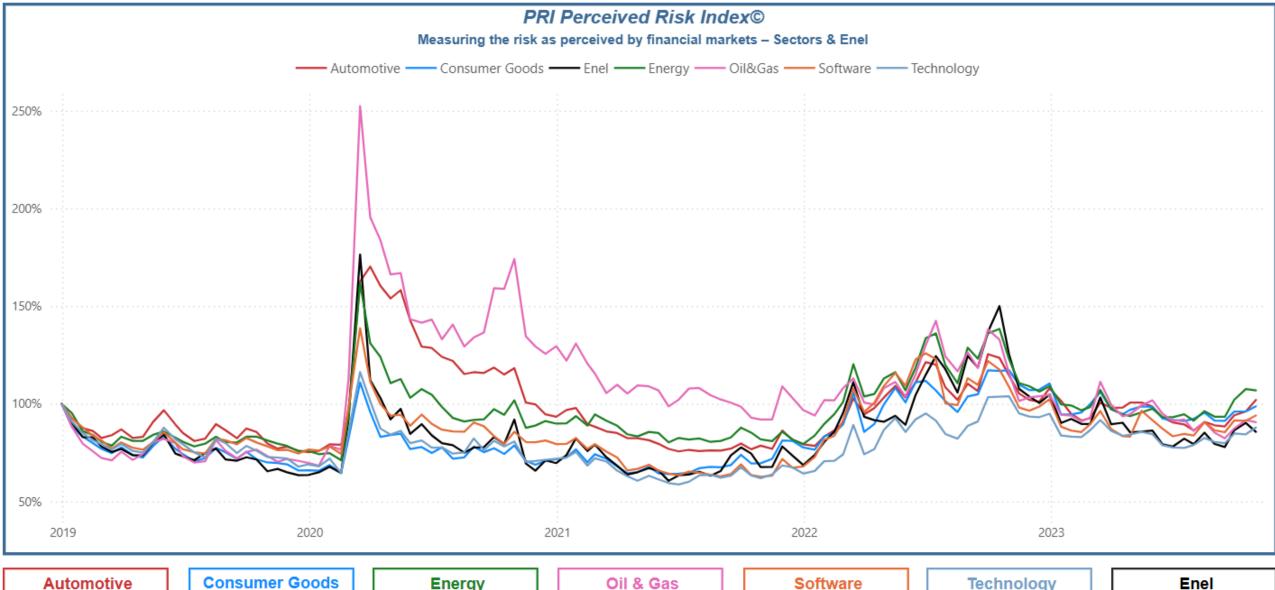
PRI Perceived Risk Index® is a forward-looking indicator since it considers three different variables with a prospective nature that reflects the premium at risk required by investors:

- **Inverse Stock Price**: the stock price reflects the level of investors' trust towards the company. Thus, the lower is the stock price, the higher is the perceived risk;
- Option Implied Volatility (3 months): gives the indication of the perceived risk of the underlying asset implied in listed option prices;
- Credit Default Swap (5 years): The CDS represents a credit risk premium and thus it has a direct relationship with the company
 perceived probability of default.

These above mentioned three variables are market data available on public sites.

31/12/2018 is the starting point of the monitoring activity, with a baseline value of 100%, across six key sectors: Energy, Oil & Gas, Consumer Goods, Software, Technology, and Automotive.

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102%! vs Base Date: 100% (+1,99%)

Consumer Goods

99%~

vs Base Date: 100% (-1,31%)

Energy

107%! vs Base Date: 100% (+6,85%)

91%~ vs Base Date: 100% (-9,40%)

94%~ vs Base Date: 100% (-5,94%)

Technology

88%~ vs Base Date: 100% (-12,10%)

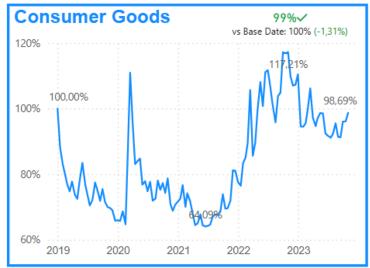
86%~ vs Base Date: 100% (-14,36%)

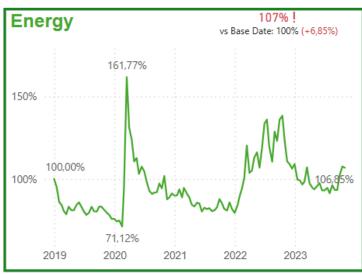


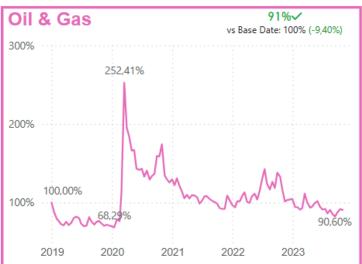
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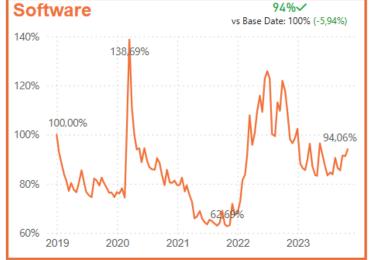
Measuring the risk as perceived by financial markets – by Sector @ 31 Oct 2023













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Comments

Full month trend:

October 2023 showed a volatile trend for Enel's PRI®, consistent with the general performance of sector peers.

In the **first half of the month**, the indicator **worsened**, causing Enel to drop to **fourth place** in the ranking. This deterioration was mainly driven by an increase in CDS spreads and implied volatility, within a rising interest rate environment that negatively impacted the entire utility sector. Additionally, **market anticipation** around the new industrial plan contributed to heightened uncertainty regarding the stock.

In the **second half of October**, conditions **improved** thanks to a decline in implied volatility, which supported a reduction in the PRI©. Enel consequently recovered two positions, finishing the month in **second place** among peers. This improvement occurred during a **generalized recovery** in PRI© levels, with only a few exceptions.

Top and bottom performers remained relatively stable, with some companies continuing to face structural challenges that negatively affected their risk profiles.