

Perceived Risk Index©



Introduction

PRI Perceived Risk Index® is an innovative, forward-looking indicator developed by Enel SpA Risk Control Unit within AFC function that reflects corporate risk perceived by financial markets.

In an ever-evolving economic landscape, understanding how markets interpret risk is a key strategic lever for companies, investors, and stakeholders.

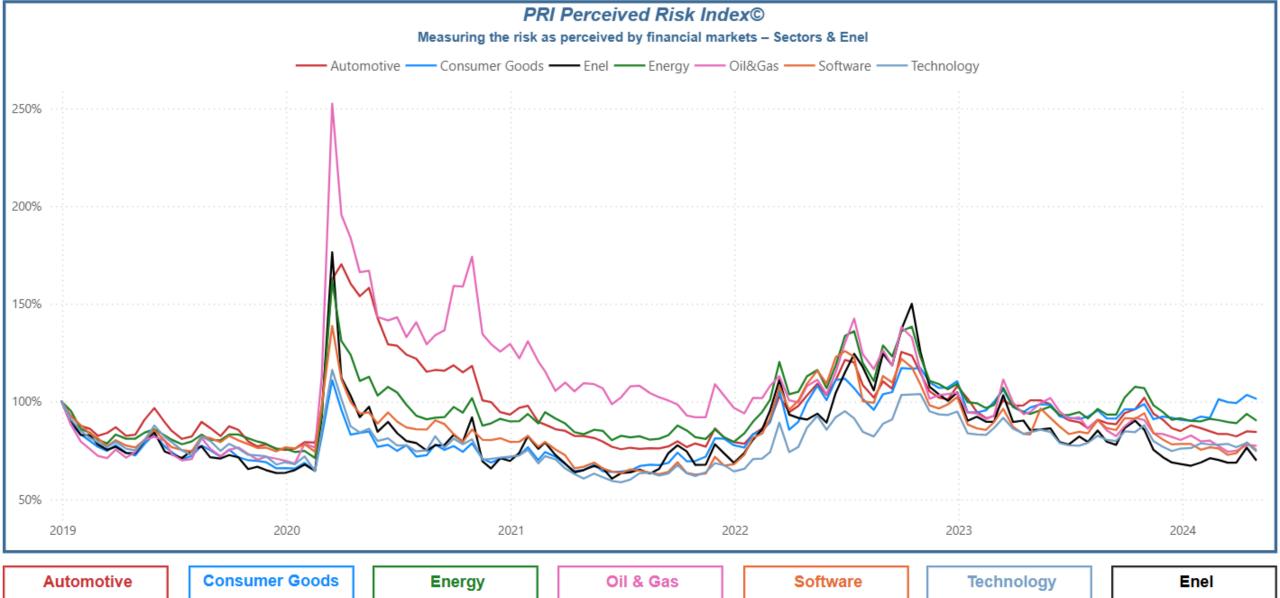
PRI Perceived Risk Index® is a forward-looking indicator since it considers three different variables with a prospective nature that reflects the premium at risk required by investors:

- **Inverse Stock Price**: the stock price reflects the level of investors' trust towards the company. Thus, the lower is the stock price, the higher is the perceived risk;
- Option Implied Volatility (3 months): gives the indication of the perceived risk of the underlying asset implied in listed option prices;
- Credit Default Swap (5 years): The CDS represents a credit risk premium and thus it has a direct relationship with the company
 perceived probability of default.

These above mentioned three variables are market data available on public sites.

31/12/2018 is the starting point of the monitoring activity, with a baseline value of 100%, across six key sectors: Energy, Oil & Gas, Consumer Goods, Software, Technology, and Automotive.

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84% vs Base Date: 100% (-15,52%)

101%! vs Base Date: 100%

(+1,48%)

90% vs Base Date: 100% (-9,55%)

77%✓
vs Base Date: 100%
(-22,61%)

75% vs Base Date: 100% (-24,51%)

75% vs Base Date: 100% (-25,23%)

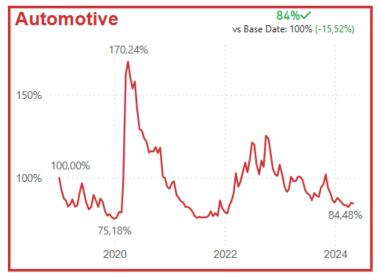
70% ✓ vs Base Date: 100% (-29,81%)

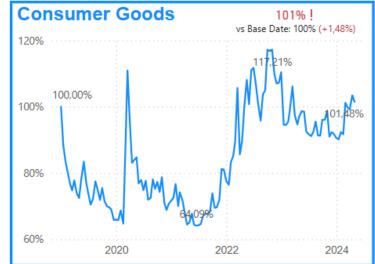


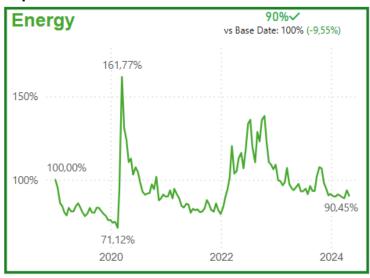
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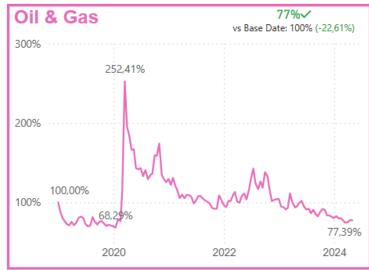
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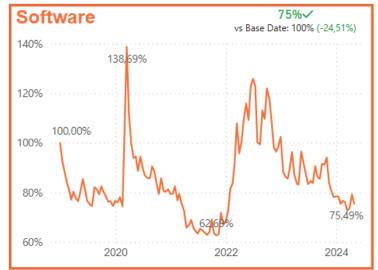
Measuring the risk as perceived by financial markets – by Sector @ 30 Apr 2024













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Comments

Full month trend:

In April 2024, the Perceived Risk Index© (PRI) showed a **fluctuating trend** for Enel and its peers.

In the **first half** of the month, there was a **general deterioration** in market risk perception, driven by **rising expectations** of a potential **interest rate hike** by the **Federal Reserve** beyond the current 5.25%-5.50% range. These expectations were fueled by signs of **persistent inflation** in the **United States**.

In the **second half** of April, however, the context **stabilized** following confirmation that the **U.S. interest rate** would remain **within the current range**. This contributed to a **slight decrease** in the PRI©, indicating an **improvement in market risk perception**.

Overall, April ended with risk levels partially easing from mid-month tensions, although remaining slightly above March levels.